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Remarks upon the last Craftſman, *relating to the* Whigs *and* Diſſenters.

MY good old Friend, Correſpondent, and Play-fellow, Mr. *D'Anvers*, after a very long and tedious Silence, hath done me the Honour to enter the Liſts, and wreſtle another Fall with me: He hath ventured again, tho' always defeated, to try his little Abilities at *Reaſoning*; and talks aloud of *Contradictions* and *Abſurdities*, in a Paper lately wrote on purpoſe to unite the *Whigs*; which he attributes to me, and which I am proud to acknowledge.

This Paper, as all the other Diſcourſes on the *Diſſertation on Parties*, was publiſhed with no other View than to preſerve and ſtrengthen the *Whig Intereſt*; they are entirely *National*, not *Miniſterial*; any further than the *Miniſtry* is in the Intereſt of the Nation; and calculated to ſerve no End, but that of the *Liberties* of *Great Britain*: But, Mr. *D'Anvers* will have them *Miniſterial*; and ſays, 'That I have deſerted, or *turn'd Tail*, (as he elegantly expreſſes it) upon my good Friends the *Diſſenters*, and *renounced my old Principles*, to ſerve the Cauſe of *Power*, for *Self-Intereſt*.'

A dreadful Charge truly! Let us ſee how 'tis ſupported; why thus. Mr. *D'Anvers*, in a great Paſſion, tears the Paper to Pieces, happens to join ſome Parts, which had no Relation, to ſeparate others which had a Relation; takes up the reſt of the ſcatter'd Fragments, as *Chance* directed; and then, falls a Remarking like a Madman, and *builds* upon the Ruins which his own Hands had made; for, there is not a Word or Sentiment through the whole Paper, to ſupport ſuch a Charge.

My Words are theſe: 'The *Whigs* ought to be 'ſatisfied and *unite heartily* if their preſent Friends in 'Power have done as much for the Cauſe of Li'berty, as any other Set of Whigs out of Power 'would probably have done in their Places. Whether 'the *Whigs* in the *Oppoſition*, would have gone further 'in the glorious Cauſe than the *miniſterial* Whigs, I 'very much doubt; not only from their general Con'duct in the Houſe, and out of the Houſe, but, from a 'late *Inſtance*, wherein they were all tried, and poſſibly 'may be tried again: The Inſtance, I mean, is, in 'my Opinion, a *capital Point of Liberty*; which, not 'ſo many of the *oppoſing Whigs* (in Proportion to 'the Numbers, for I have the *Liſt* by me) came into 'as of the *Court Whigs*. —— 'Tis my Opinion, 'therefore, from the Behaviour of them all in 'Power, and out of Power, that it is a Point which 'will never be granted; nor ever thought reaſonable 'in *Practice*, however reaſonable it may appear in *Theory*. I am entirely of Opinion, that it ought 'to be done; that, 'tis a Scandal to the *Reformation* 'and the *Revolution*, that 'tis not done; but, yet, if 'I was convinced, that it would *never be done*; no, 'not by thoſe Whigs who count it juſt in itſelf, I 'would abhor *dividing the Whig Intereſt* upon an *im'practicable* Scheme; or, be againſt one Set of 'Whigs, and for another about a Point of *Liberty* 'which none of them, I am afraid, will ever find 'Wiſdom, Integrity, or Reſolution enough to grant 'when they are in *Power*; and, for this Reaſon, I 'would never try the Scheme again, nor put a *Teſt* 'upon my Friends which could do *me* no Service, 'but muſt neceſſarily do the *Whig Intereſt* great 'Diſſervice; and, in natural Conſequence, the In'tereſt of my *Country* alſo: Tho' 'tis Right, there'fore, *abſolutely Right* to do it; yet, 'tis *Madneſs* to 'attempt it, knowing 'twill *never be done*.'

Now I will appeal to the *common Senſe* of any Man in *England*, but Mr. *D'Anvers*'s, whether there is any *Contradiction* in one Part of theſe Words to another; a Contradiction is *affirming* and *denying* the ſame Thing; but, where is this done? No where; nor any thing like it; and yet, the *ſagacious Reaſoner* ſays, I have aſſerted, 'That 'tis both *reaſonable* and *unreaſonable*; *abſolutely Right*, and *abſolutely Wrong*; 'that 'tis an *impracticable* Scheme, and a *practicable* 'One.' Whereas, all I have aſſerted is, that, tho' 'tis *abſolutely Right*, that the *Whigs in Power*, or the *Whigs in Parliament*, ſhould do it; yet 'tis *wrong* in the *Diſſenters* to *attempt* it, *knowing they will not do it*; or, *that it will never be done*; becauſe, the Conſequence will be differing, weakening, and dividing the *Whig Intereſt*; which is the *only Intereſt* in this Kingdom, we can depend upon for the *Preſervation* and *Security* of our *Liberties*. Is this now a *Contradiction*? And affirming, that 'tis both *reaſonable* and *unreaſonable*, &c.? If I had ſaid, indeed, that, 'twas *reaſonable in itſelf*, and *unreaſonable in itſelf*; or, *reaſonable* to do it, and *unreaſonable* to do it; or, *abſolutely right* to do it, and *abſolutely wrong* to do it, that would have been a Contradiction. But, to ſay, that 'tis *Right*, Men in Power ſhould do it, and yet *Wrong* in the *Diſſenters* to attempt it, becauſe of the *Conſequences*, is no Contradiction. When I ſay, that this is a Point of Liberty which will never, perhaps, be *thought reaſonable in Practice*, however reaſonable it may appear in *Theory*, I can't be underſtood, by any Man above an *Idiot*, to expreſs *my own Sentiments*, but, the Sentiments of *Men in Power*; for, I think it *always reaſonable in Practice*; and, *that every Time is proper to do it in*; as appears from the whole Deſign of the Paragraph juſt now quoted, in which I expreſs my Fears, that no Whigs in Power, will ever find *Wiſdom*, *Integrity*, or *Reſolution* enough to grant this *capital Point of Liberty*: So that, by the Words, *impracticable Scheme*, I could not poſſibly mean any thing, but, that it *would* not be put in Practice; not, that it *could* not, or *ought* not to be put in Practice: If a Perſon ſhould offer a Scheme to make all Men *virtuous* or *honeſt*, it would be juſtly call'd an *impracticable* Scheme; and yet, every Man *could* be honeſt, and *ought* to be honeſt. When *Archbiſhop Tillotſon* wiſhed the Church well rid of the *Athanaſian Creed*, the good Man, no doubt, thought it *reaſonable* to throw it out of the Church; but *impracticable*; and, therefore, *unreaſonable to attempt it*, if he knew, he ſhould not be able to carry his Point, and foreſaw, that the Conſequences would be productive of much more *Ill* than *Good*.

This is the Subſtance of all I have ſaid; and, I think, very eaſy to be underſtood: But, Mr. *D'Anvers's unreaſoning* Head, never turned for any thing above *perſonal Abuſe*, *Scurrility*, and *low Humour*, calls it Mr. *Osborne's Riddle*; *enigmatical Reaſoning*; and, a *Myſtery as dark as the Apocalypſe*: I hope, the *Myſtery* is now *revealed*; and made *plain*; even to an Underſtanding as *impenetrable* as the *Craftſman's*; ſo that, we ſhall hear no more of both *Reaſonable* and *Unreaſonable! abſolutely Right*, and *abſolutely Wrong!*

But, there is another Contradiction which he *triumphantly* charges me with, which is, That I have aſſerted, that, *all the Ends* of the Revolution are obtained, and yet, here is *one capital Point* of Liberty which is not obtained! A very ſad thing indeed! My Words are; 'We have alſo anſwered whatever hath 'been advanced concerning the *Ends* of the Revolu'tion not being obtained: We have ſhewn, that the 'grand Points which the *Old Whigs* ſtruggled for 'under the Reigns of the *Stuarts*, was a *legal Govern'ment*; and, that the Laws enacted ſhould approach 'as near as poſſible to the Laws of *Nature*, *Reaſon*, 'and *Equity*: And we have alſo ſhewn, that the *Re'volution* happily effected theſe *two Ends*.' Now where is the *Contradiction* in ſaying, that we obtained, by the Revolution, the Eſtabliſhment of our *Rights in general*; and yet, that *one particular Right* might be omitted? Who ever ſaid, that the *Revolution* brought the Government to ſo abſolute a State of Perfection, that no Law, ſince that Time, ought to be *repealed*, or *made*? This Charge, therefore, we may diſmiſs, as only a *puerile Cavalling* about Trifles; for, if I had ſaid, *all the Ends* of the Revolution were obtained; the Words could mean no more, than the *Ends in general*.

Having thus given ſome Inſtances of Mr. *D'Anvers's Sagacity in Reaſoning*; we ſhall now give a moſt flagrant one of his *honeſty in Remarking*:

Towards the Cloſe of the Paper, I gave ſome Advice to thoſe whom I call'd *Favourites*, or *Managers of Power* in the ſeveral Cities and Boroughs. The Words are: 'Treat no Man the worſe for differing 'from you in *ſmaller Matters* (ſuch as, ſays Mr. '*D'Anvers*, *Capital Points of Liberty*) and they will 'unite with you the more heartily in the *Greater*.' Honeſt Mr. *D'Anvers* ſays, I mean, by *ſmaller Matters*, Capital Points of Liberty, in a Paragraph which has not the leaſt relation to the *Diſſenters*, but to the *Whigs* in general, and particularly the *Favourites* or *Managers of Power* amongſt them; who are exhorted, not to treat thoſe who differ from them in ſome *ſmaller Matters* (as, who ſhould be Mayor, Bailiff, or Alderman: Or, who ſhould poſſeſs ſuch a Place of *Profit* or *Honour* in their ſeveral Corporate Towns) as *Enemies*; but leave them all to act in Conſequence of their *own Opinions*; this, Mr. *D'Anvers*, if he had the leaſt Senſe of Generoſity, ſhould have thank'd me for; inſtead of which, to put ſuch a Senſe upon my Words, as 'twas impoſſible he ſhould not ſee to be falſe; upon which I ſhall only ſay, that a Man who can allow himſelf to deal thus diſhoneſtly in the *Light*, will find no Conſcience againſt *ſtabbing in the Dark*.

The ſame *Immorality* he is guilty of in the Comment he puts upon theſe Words of mine: 'If ever 'their (that is, the *Whigs*) *fatal Diviſions* ſhou'd 'render them ſo weak as not to be able to ſupport the '*juſt Intereſt* (which Words he leaves out) of the 'Government, they will then find, tho' perhaps too 'late, that the Government will ſupport itſelf with'out them:' This Paragraph, which ſolely relates to the *Whigs* in general, and which they thoroughly underſtand, he applies to the *Diſſenters*: And then draws two *monſtrous* and *abſurd* Inferences from it. —— But to go on a little further.

I have ſaid, in order to ſhew the *Diſſenters*, that there was no Diſpoſition in the Whigs to grant them this *Capital Point of Liberty*, that there were not ſo many *oppoſing Whigs* (Number for Number) voted for it as of the *Court Whigs*. Mr. *D'Anvers's* Remark upon this is; Ay, but theſe *Country Whigs* could act *only upon Principle*. But, I ſay, why ſo? He has taken great Care to acquaint us, 'That the *Head* of the 'Court Whigs (as he calls a *certain Honourable Gen'tleman*) was againſt it, and made a long Speech 'againſt it,' which I'm very ſorry for: But then, the moſt *natural Remark* is; that the *Court Whigs* who voted for it, not the *Country Whigs*, bid faireſt to act upon *Principle only*. Let Mr. *D'Anvers* conſider of this.

To conclude at preſent: I think, if any Propoſition is *Self-evident*; or, at leaſt, can be made evident to *Demonſtration*, 'tis this, That *no Man*, or *Body of Men*, ſhould be deprived of, or *incapacitated* for enjoying the *common Rights* of Subjects, on account of *Opinions merely Religious*. For which Reaſon, (to repeat my own Words) 'tis *abſolutely Right* to grant this *Capital Point* of Liberty; 'tis a Scandal to the *Reformation* and *Revolution* that 'tis not done: But yet, I'm afraid, that no Whigs in Power (for certain *Political* Conſiderations) will ever find *Wiſdom*, *Integrity*, or *Reſolution* enough to do it: And, therefore, I am againſt the Diſſenters putting a *Teſt* upon their Friends, which can *do them no Service*; but muſt neceſſarily do the *Whig Intereſt* great Diſſervice; and, in natural Conſequence, the Intereſt of *Liberty* too.

Now let Mr. *D'Anvers*, if he pleaſes, call this *Deſerting my Friends*, and *Renouncing my Principles*; while all other Men call it, *acknowledging my Friends*, and *ſteddily adhering to my Principles*.

I ought not to have done, without ſaying ſomething to a Paragraph relaring to an *eminent and worthy Prelate* of our Church, whom he abuſes in the moſt *infamous* Manner; by ſaying, That a *Book* wrote with the *beſt*, moſt *general*, and *Chriſtian* Deſign in the World, was calculated only to *ſerve a Party*, and made ſubſervient to the *paultry Views* of *Power*. This he ſays of a *Gentleman*, who has *conſecrated* his whole Life to the *glorious Cauſe* of *Liberty*, which Mr. *D'Anvers* pretends to eſpouſe; and who hath better defended the *common Rights* of Subjects, Civil and Religious, than all the *Clergymen* that ever lived in all Ages of the World. ------ I ſhall ſay no more, but leave this *profligate Writer* to be hiſſed at by all the *Friends of Liberty* in the Kingdom.

F. Osborne.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Cadiz, Nov 11. *N. S.* On the 3d, arrived the Benjamin, Ruth, from Cork: On the 5th, the Fan-

ny, Stafford, from Dublin; the Mary, Morris, from London: On the 9th, the Julian, Brame, from Sicily. On the 7th, sailed the Catherine, Weſton, for Briſtol: On the 9th, the Ann, Barret, for Cork: On the 10th, the Catherine, Winſton, for Leghorn; and the Lively, Akeram, for the Levant.

Leghorn, Nov. 17. *N. S.* On the 13th, arrived the Tuscany, Martin, from Petersburg, in 50 Days. On the 14th, the William, Whitborne, from Newfoundland in 50 Days, with 300 Cantals of Baccalo. Yeſterday ſailed the Delitia, Whitwood, for Alexandria. The Peterborough, Nanſum, and the Gibraltar, Mickell, will ſail this Evening or To-morrow Morning for London.

Genoa, Nov. 20. *N. S.* On the 18th, arrived the Leghorn Galley, Werry, from London, in 38 Days from the Downs.

Liſbon, Nov. 15. *N. S.* On the 2d, arrived the Mary Ann, Cuir, from London: On the 3d, the Duke of Cumberland, Ryal, from New York; the Suſanna, Clapp, from Newfoundland: On the 4th, the Peacock, Teagan; the Pearle, Anſell: On the 5th, the Ann and Mary, Shirley, from Sicily; the Charity, Long, from Alicant: On the 6th, the Pemberton, Jones, from Cadiz: On the 7th, the Teneriff, Cartet, from Newfoundland: On the 9th, the Elizabeth, Cunningham; and the St. Bridget, Phelam, from Mazagam; the Pearle, Price, from Alicant: On the 11th, the St. Cecilia, Steuart, from Alicant: On the 12th, the Increaſe, Mathias; the St. Joſeph, Tulidge; and the Two Brothers, Leg, from Newfoundland; the Prince William, Taylor, from Scotland: On the 13th, the Joyce, Penny, and the Kenwood, Babb, from Newfoundland: On the 14th, the Maffra, Smith, from London; the Goodhope, Rouſe; the Induſtry, Gasking, from Newfoundland: On the 15th, the Don Carlos, Cole, from Georgenti; the Dartmouth, Porter; and the Joſeph, Gadden, from Newfoundland. On the 2d, ſailed the Hanover Packet, Enouf, for Falmouth; the Prince of Orange, Williamſon, for Cork: On the 5th, the Charming Betty, Daking, for St. Michael's; the Carolina, Shafton, for Biddeford; the Friendſhip, Ogilvie, for Philadelphia; the Three Friends, Barett, for St. Sebaſtian's: On the 8th, the Suſanna, Clapp, for the Streights: On the 9th, the Prince Frederick Packet, Lovell, for Falmouth: On the 12th, the Chriſtopher, Beilby, for Dunkirk: On the 13th, the Expedition, Beazley, for Seville; the Endeavour, Batſon, for Oporto; and the Friends Adventure, Wallis, for Pool: On the 15th, the Chicester, Auſtin, for Oſtend.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Nov. 21. Arrived the Content, Kilner, from Virginia; the Weſtmoreland, Hays, from Newfoundland.

Briſtol, Nov. 22. This Afternoon arrived the Fame, Franks, from Antigua, who left that Place the 26th of September laſt, and rode out the Storm that happened there the 16th ditto, and all was well there.

Falmouth, Nov. 20. Since my laſt, came in the Morning Star, Ollive, for Faro (being forced back when ſhe was 40 Leagues to the Weſtward, with very ſtrong Gales of Wind at S. S. W.) the Elizabeth of Briſtol, Pym, from the Groyne for Orders; the Tiverton, Birckenſha, from the Canaries for this Place; the Bolton, Wharton, from Denia for Liverpool; the Happy Greive, Weir, from London for Seville. Remain the Prince Frederick, and the Hanover Packets, for Liſbon; and the Townſhend Packet, for the Groyne. Wind S. W.

Plymouth, Nov 21. 'On the 20th of this Inſtant, 'the Lovely Mary of Cork, from Morlaix for 'Bilbao, parted with her Cable in Catwater about '9 o'Clock in the Evening, ran on ſhore and ſplit to 'Pieces.

Weymouth, Nov. 22. This Morning arrived the Eleanor, Swain, of Exon, from Malaga. Wind S. S. W. and dirty Weather.

Dartmouth, Nov 21. Arrived the ——, Prince, from Newfoundland.

Pool, Nov. 22. Yeſterday came in here the Stourminſter, Hooper, of and for this Place from Xijon.

Dover, Nov. 23. Arrived the Pretty Betſey, Reeveley, from Denia.

Deal, Nov. 23. Wind S. W. Remain the Cheſter Man of War; the Addiſon, Wadge, for Port Mahon; the Hannah, Pearſon, for Gibraltar; the Samuel and James, Orrock, for New England. Arrived this Morning the Judith, Holland, from Barbados; and the Milner, Chambers, from Maryland. 'Came down this Morning a great many 'Ships, my Boat is gone off to get their Names, 'which will ſend in my next.

Graveſend, Nov. 23. Paſſed by the Adventure, Newman, from Bourdeaux; the Amſterdam Packet, Ruſſel, from Amſterdam; the Ann and Elizabeth, Fitch, from ——; the Abraham, Lawſon, from Barbary; the Coronation, Toone, from Denia; the Whichel, Harriſon, from Malaga; the Partridge, Penhallow, from Maryland; the Jane, Boyd; and the Vigilence, Hariott, both from Malaga.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

The Peggy, Nowell, from London at Oporto.

Capt Hancock of the Houghton, from Seville, on the 8th Inſtant, about 90 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Lizzard, ſpoke with the Mary, Capt. Paxton, of and from London for Jamaica, the Wind freſh at Eaſt.

Walpolius Convaleſcens ad Britannicam.

VIVIT, ïõ! Quid Fama tubam; quid plectra Camænæ
Aurea; quid threnos Roſtra canora parant?
Vivit, Quid Satiras meditatur Erynnide plenus
Calebus, quas mox Turba profana terat?
Quid lurgunt criſtæ? Sibi Factia quid placet, ut re
Confecta; &, ſtratus ceu foret hoſtis, ovat?
Vivit, ïõ! Triſtes depone, Britannia, curas,
Quam regit Auguſtus, Walpoliuſq; colit.

LONDON.

Yeſterday arrived a French Mail, but it brought nothing more material than the News of the Death of the Count de Marignac, who was Lieutenant General of the French King's Armies, and Governor of the Iſles of Hieres; and of the Abbe Pierre, Præceptor to the Princeſſes of France; and that the Prince of Cantemir, the Czarina's Miniſter, has had an Audience, for the firſt Time, of the French King, not in his publick Character, but only as a Foreign Nobleman, tho' he was introduced by the Chevalier de Sainchot, who always conducts the Ambaſſadors to their Audiences.

The Roſe Man of War, Capt. Windham, from New York, arrived at Liſbon the 22d of October laſt.

The Dragon Man of War, Capt. Barner, from Port Mahon, arrived at Liſbon the 24th ditto.

The Blandford Man of War, Capt. Walſon, from Newfoundland, arrived at Liſbon the next Day.

The Chatham Man of War, Capt. Vanbrugh; and the Romney Man of War, Capt. Medley, alſo from Newfoundland, arrived at Liſbon the 2d of November Inſt.

The Gibraltar Man of War, Capt. Norris, ſailed from Liſbon for the Streights the 3d of November Inſtant.

Captain Compton, of the Seahorſe Man of War, writes to his Friend in London, that about 200 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Lizard, he fell in with the Aſia, in the Service of the South Sea Company; the preſent Commander informed him, that they, with the Aſſiento, alſo in the Service of the ſaid Company, left Buenos Ayres the firſt Week in September laſt, and after three Days Sail from the Mouth of the River Plate, they parted with the Aſſiento; that the Commanders, Fiſher and Bennet, and 15 of their Hands, were left behind.

On Thurſday laſt died of the Dropſy, after having been tapp'd ſeveral Times, the Right Hon. the Counteſs of Coventry, at his Lordſhip's Houſe in Groſvenor's Square.

Yeſterday one Bland, a Butcher in St. James's Market, was committed to the Gatehouſe, Weſtminſter, for attempting the Life of his Uncle, Mr. Bland, a noted Butcher in the ſaid Market.

Yeſterday Morning died at Batterſea in Surry, the Rev. Mr. Foley, M. A. Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Athol.

Laſt Saturday died in an advanced Age at Chatham, Captain John Wilſon, Captain of one of his Majeſty's Ships of War.

The latter End of laſt Week, the Houſe of Mr. Thomſon of Ribbes, in the County of York, was ſet on Fire, (but by what Accident is as yet unknown) it burnt with great Violence for the Space of three Hours, in which time it deſtroyed four Dwelling-houſes, ſeveral Out-houſes, Stables, &c.

	Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.	09 21	09 54

Bank Stock 142 1-half to 3-4ths India 173 1-half. South Sea 103 7-8ths. Old Annuity 111 7-8ths. New ditto 111 7-8ths to 112. Three per Cent. 105 to 3-8ths to 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan 112 to 1-4th. Five per Cent. ditto 101 to 1-4th. Royal Aſſurance 108 to 1-4th. London Aſſurance 13 3-4ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 16s. to 17s. Prem. South Sea &c. 21. 13s. Prem. Bank Circulation 1l. 7s. 6 Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 1-half Premium. Engliſh Copper 3l. 15s. Welſh ditto 1 Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1 per Cent Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3-4ths Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122.

Cuſtom-Houſe, London, Nov. 24, 173

WHEREAS on Thurſday the 23d of this Inſt. November, Mr. Edmund Horrex, Surveyor of Majeſty's Cuſtoms at Greenwich, and Charles Howell, Tideſman in the Port of London, having received Information that a Quantity of Tea was concealed on board the Endeavour, John Lunt, from Maidſtone in Kent, then lying in the River of Thames, the ſaid Horrex and Howell boarded three of their Watermen, to prevent ſaid Tea being Run from the ſaid Ship, till ſuch time they could rummage her; and about 11 o'Clock at Night there came on board 7 or 8 Men armed with Cutlaſſes and Blunderbuſſes, and fell on the ſaid Watermen, beat them down, and beat them in a very violent Manner, and carried the Tea away: In order to bring the ſaid Offenders to Juſtice, the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms do hereby promiſe a Reward of 50 l. each, to any Perſon who ſhall diſcover any of the ſaid Offenders, ſo that they may be apprehended and convicted of the ſaid Offence, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, at the Cuſtom-Houſe, London.

Sign'd by Order of the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms.

CHA. CARKESSE, &c.

To be Sold,

AN ancient and well-accuſtom'd Inn in Colcheſter, Eſſex, (known by the Sign of the Queen's Head, and now the Poſt Office) ſituate in the Market place, containing above thirty good Rooms, with convenient Cellaries, very good Wine Vaults, large Cellaring, and very good Stabling for a hundred Horſes, with all Manner of Conveniencies: The Houſe, Stables, &c. rebuilt within a few Years, with ſome Warehouſes, lately occupied in the Wine Buſineſs.

Enquire for further Particulars of Mr. Hutchinſon, at the Cup and Ring againſt the ſaid Inn in Colcheſter.

This Day is publiſhed,

A Catalogue of the Libraries of the Rev. Mr. BATTY, Rector of St. John's Clerkenwell, and of a Perſon of Quality, both lately deceaſed. Conſiſting of the moſt curious and valuable Books extant, in almoſt all Languages and Faculties, relating to the Hiſtory and Antiquities of divers Nations, more eſpecially of Great Britain and Ireland.

Among which are,

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